

April 14, 2021

The Honorable Donald Norcross U.S. House of Representatives 2437 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Ann Kuster
U.S. House of Representatives
320 Cannon House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Brian Fitzpatrick U.S. House of Representatives 271 Cannon House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Joe Courtney U.S. House of Representatives 2449 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Representatives Norcross, Fitzpatrick, Kuster, and Courtney:

The Mental Health Liaison Group (MHLG) – a coalition of national organizations representing consumers, family members, mental health and addiction providers, advocates, and other stakeholders – is writing to express our strong support for the Parity Enforcement Act (H.R. 1364), which would give the U.S. Department of Labor (USDOL) a critical tool to ensure health plan compliance with the Paul Wellstone and Pete Domenici Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (Federal Parity Act).

Under current law, USDOL lacks the ability to assess civil monetary penalties against health issuers and plan sponsors for violations of the Federal Parity Act, which requires insurers to cover illnesses of the brain, such as depression or opioid use disorder, no more restrictively than illnesses of the body, such as diabetes or cancer. Without this power, USDOL can only require plans to reimburse consumers for wrongly denied coverage of care that was nevertheless provided. Such meager authority is not enough and is unlikely to change plans' coverage practices. USDOL must finally be able to hold plan issuers and sponsors accountable for illegal denials of mental health and substance use coverage more than 12 years after enactment of the Federal Parity Act.

H.R. 1364 corrects this major gap in USDOL's oversight authority by amending the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) to give USDOL the authority to levy civil monetary penalties against health insurers and plan sponsors for parity violations. The provisions are identical to USDOL's existing civil monetary penalty authority for violations of the Genetic Information Non-Discrimination Act. H.R. 2848 also includes safe harbor provisions to protect issuers and sponsors that are exercising "reasonable diligence" to comply with the Parity Act and that correct violations within 30 days of becoming known (or would have been known with reasonable diligence).

The need to give USDOL this authority for parity violations is widely recognized. President Obama's Mental Health and Substance Use Disorders Parity Task Force strongly



recommended providing this authority¹, as did President Trump's Commission on Combating Drug Addiction and the Opioid Crisis.² In fact, former New Jersey Governor Chris Christie, chair of the Commission, stated that the authority is "absolutely necessary" and that the Commission "unequivocally" supported Congressional action to give USDOL the authority to issue penalties.³

The MHLG thanks you for introducing this critical legislation that will increase compliance with the Federal Parity Act and, ultimately, increase access to life-saving mental health and substance use disorder care.

Sincerely,

2020 Mom

American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry

American Art Therapy Association

American Association for Marriage and Family Therapy

American Association for Psychoanalysis in Clinical Social Work

American Association of Nurse Anesthetists

American Association on Health and Disability

American Counseling Association

American Foundation for Suicide Prevention

American Group Psychotherapy Association

American Nurses Association

American Occupational Therapy Association

American Psychological Association

American Society of Addiction Medicine

Association for Ambulatory Behavioral Healthcare

Association for Behavioral and Cognitive Therapies

Bazelon Center for Mental Health Law

Campaign for Trauma-Informed Policy and Practice

Children and Adults with Attention-Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

Clinical Social Work Association

College of Psychiatric and Neurologic Pharmacists (CPNP)

Depression and Bipolar Support Alliance

Eating Disorders Coalition for Research, Policy & Action

EMDR International Association

² Recommendation 35 of The President's Commission on Combating Drug Addiction and the Opioid Crisis, November 2017, https://facesandvoicesofrecovery.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/06/Final-Report-The-Presidents-Commission-on-Combatting-Drug-Addiction-and-The-Opioid-Crisis.pdf.

³ November 1, 2017 Meeting of the President's Commission on Combating Drug Addiction and the Opioid Crisis, https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u0 wF92ebsc.



Global Alliance for Behavioral Health and Social Justice

International OCD Foundation

International Society for Psychiatric Nurses

The Kennedy Forum

Legal Action Center

Mental Health America

NAADAC, the Association for Addiction Professionals

National Alliance on Mental Illness

National Alliance to Advance Adolescent Health

National Association for Behavioral Healthcare

National Association for Children of Addiction (NACoA)

National Association for Children's Behavioral Health

National Association of County Behavioral Health and Developmental Disability Directors

National Association of Rural Mental Health

National Association of Social Workers

National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors

National Council for Behavioral Health

National Eating Disorders Association

National Federation of Families for Children's Mental Health

National Register of Health Service Psychologists

NHMH - No Health without Mental Health

Psychotherapy Action Network

Residential Eating Disorders Consortium

Schizophrenia and Related Disorders Alliance of America

SMART Recovery

Tourette Association of America

Treatment Communities of America

The Trevor Project

Trust for America's Health

Well Being Trust